

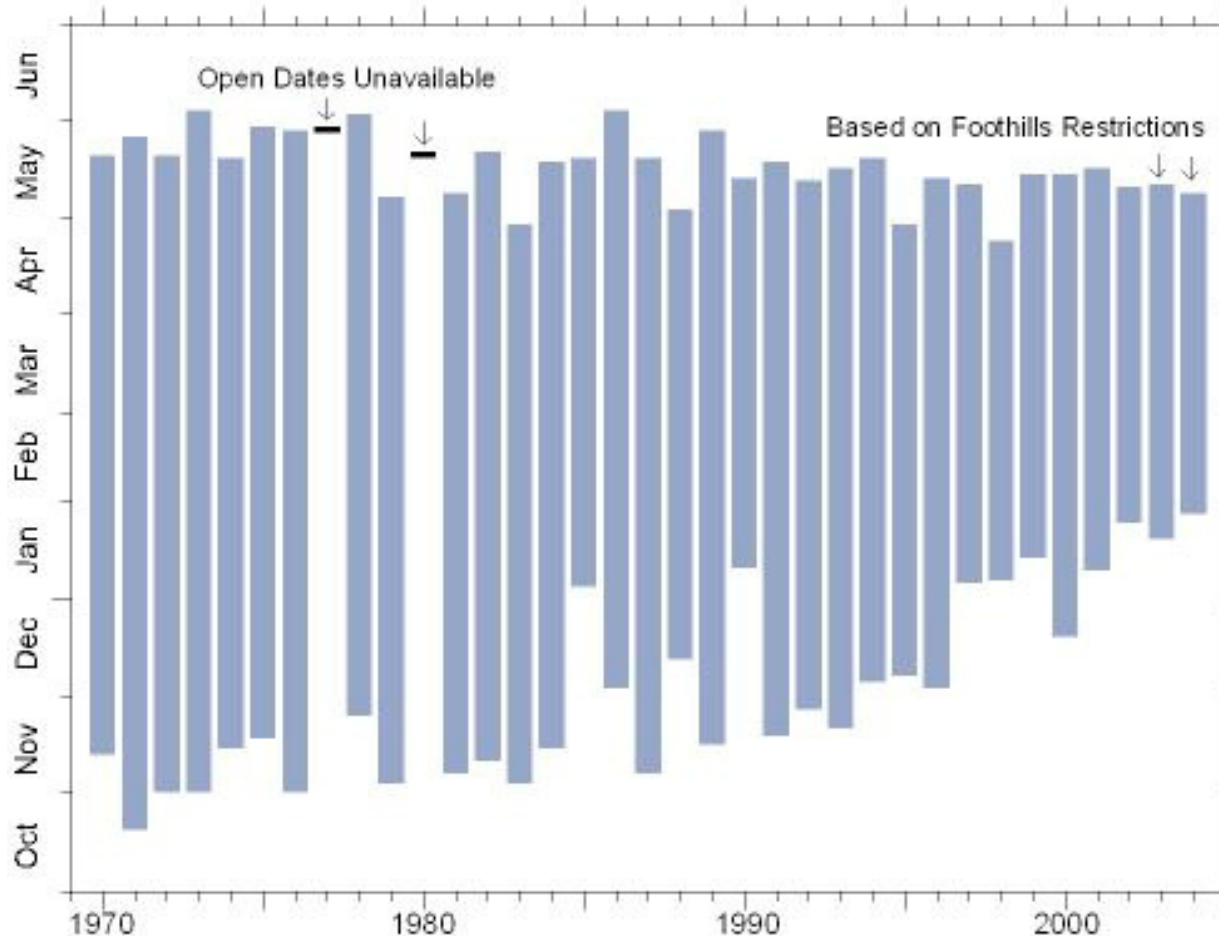
Arctic Hydrologic and Ecological Research Near Toolik



Michael Gooseff - Penn State University

Alaska's changing seasonality, extending Autumn

Open Period for Tundra Travel

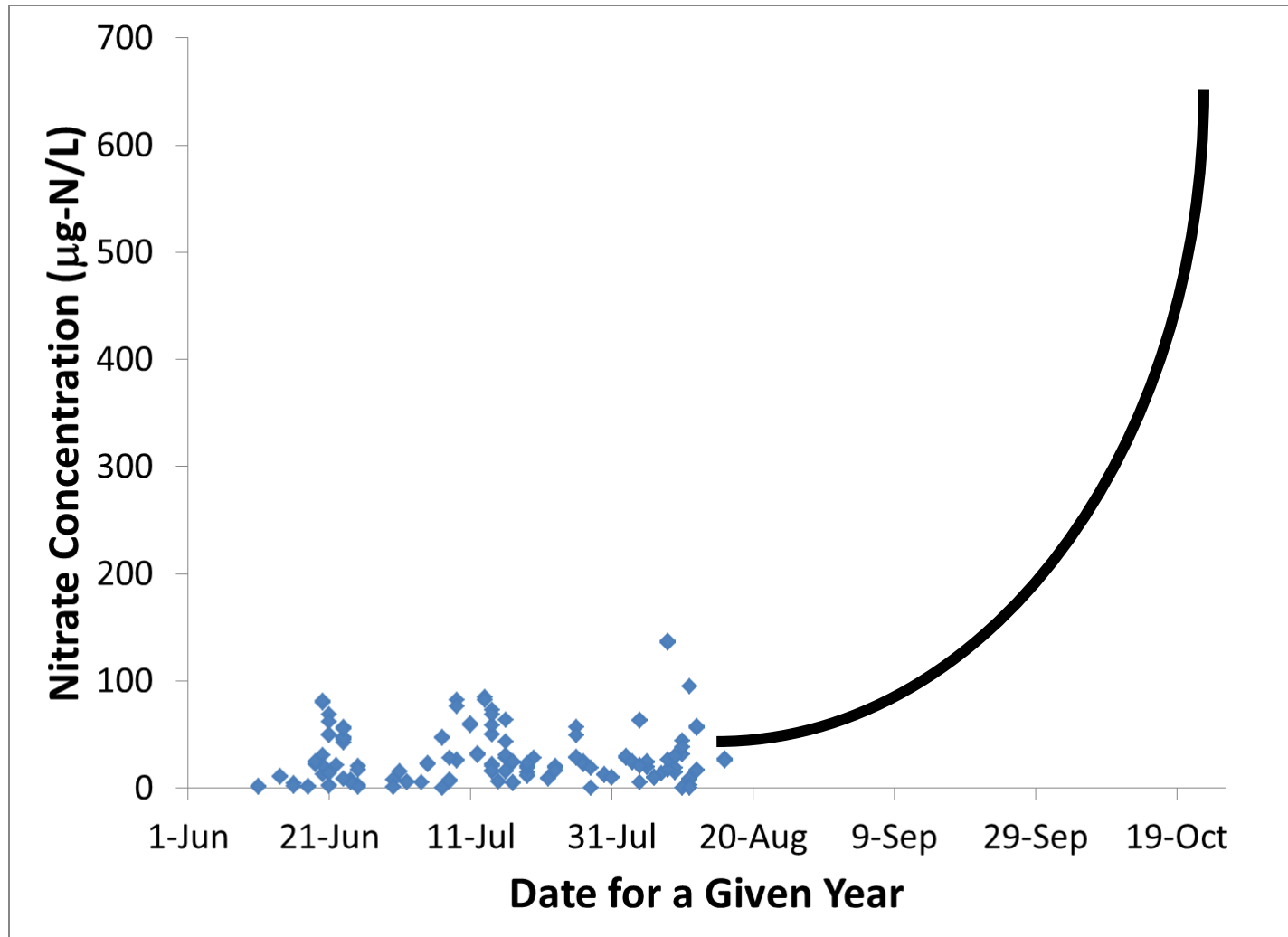


Based on “12-and-6” criteria

- 12 inches ground frost
- 6 inches of snow

History of the Alaska Department of Natural Resources, Tundra Travel Management, 1969 -2003, Alaska DNR, 2004

Changing seasonality → Increased nutrient concentrations in streams



Kuparuk River, 1990-2008

Trend line after data from T Douglas

Changes to the Winter – *Warm Pulses*



Study Location

- Galbraith Lake to Umiat
- Itkillik, Chandler, and Colleville Rivers
- Elevations

- Min: ~75 m asl
- Max: ~1000 m asl

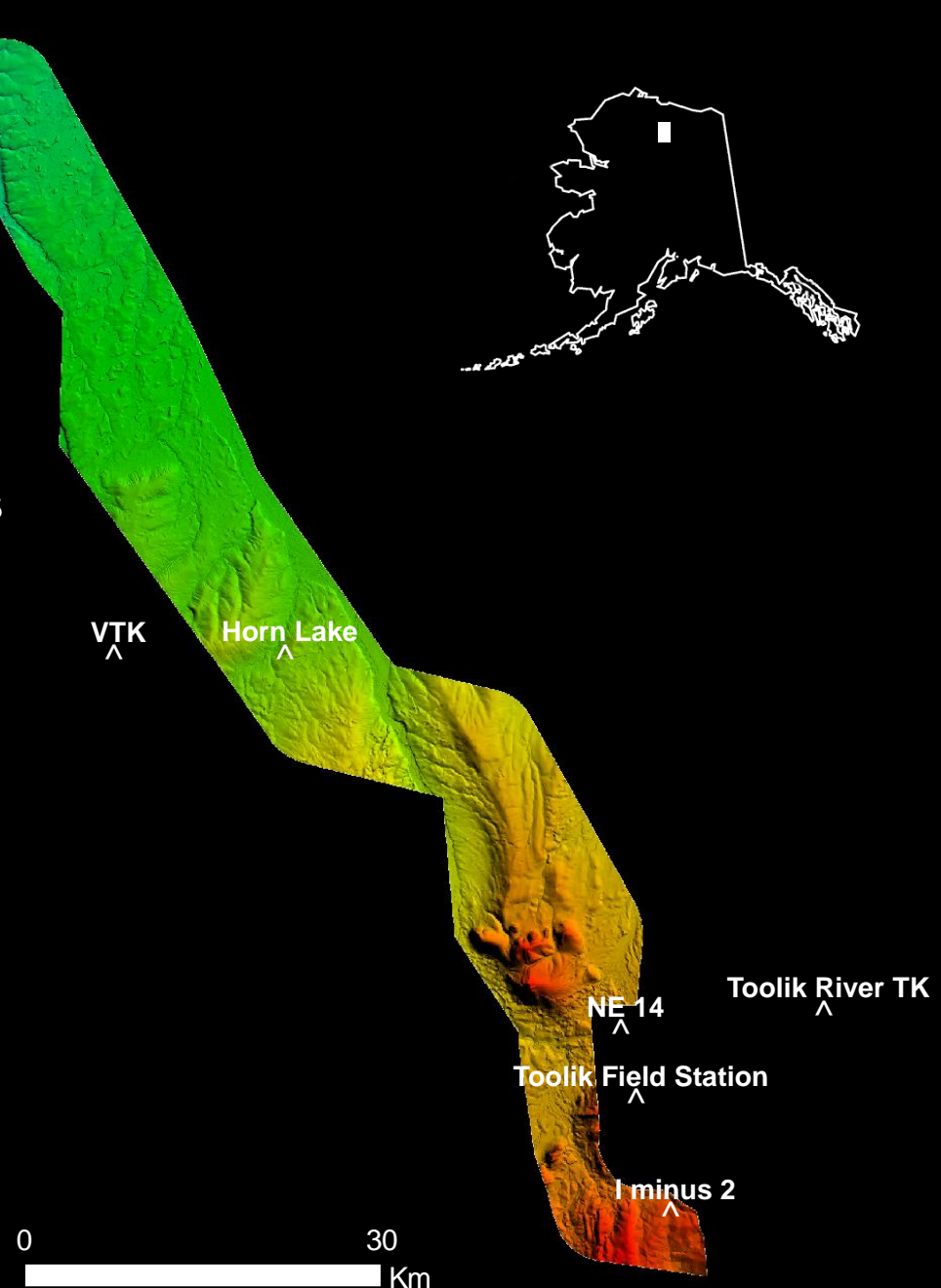
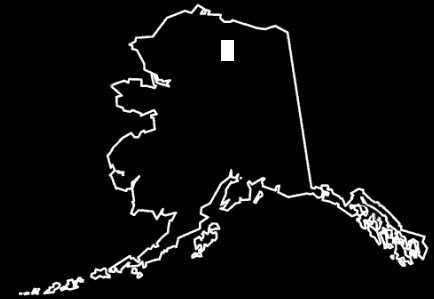
•**Area: 1,681 km²**

•Length: 170 km

•Width: 5.5 - 15.5 km

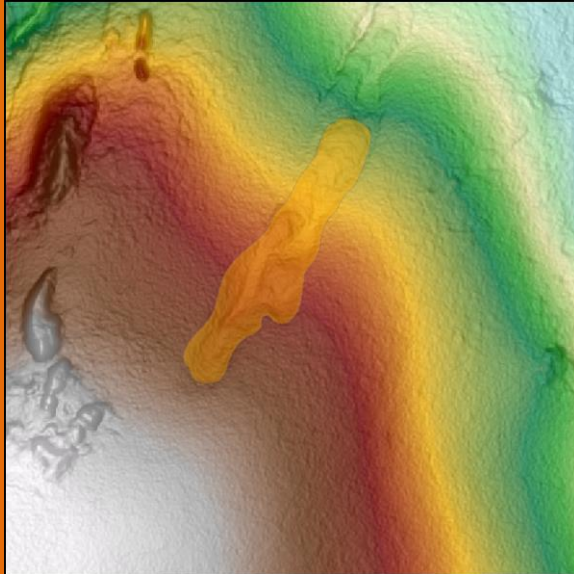
•Landscape Ages

- Min: Modern Fluvial Systems
- Max: Unknown (>2.5 Ma)
- Glacial Deposits from all six recent glacial advances



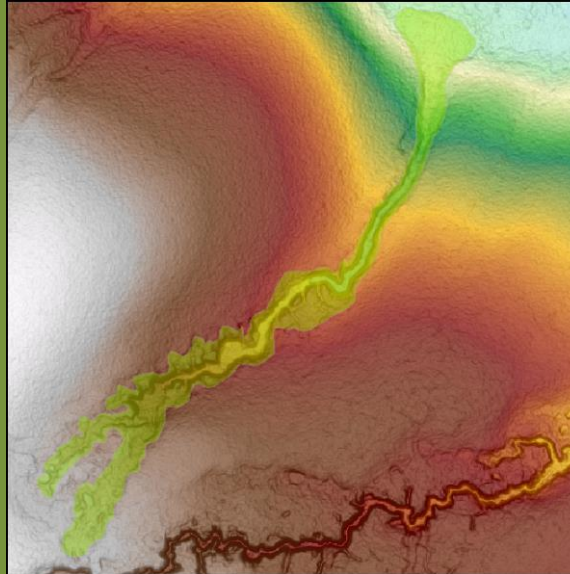
Thermal Erosion Feature Types

Active Layer
Detachment



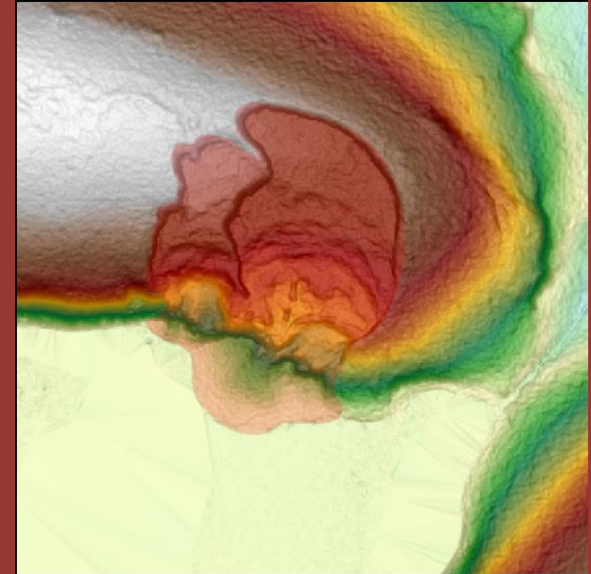
- Narrow
- Linear
- Depositional Lobe

Thermal erosion Gully

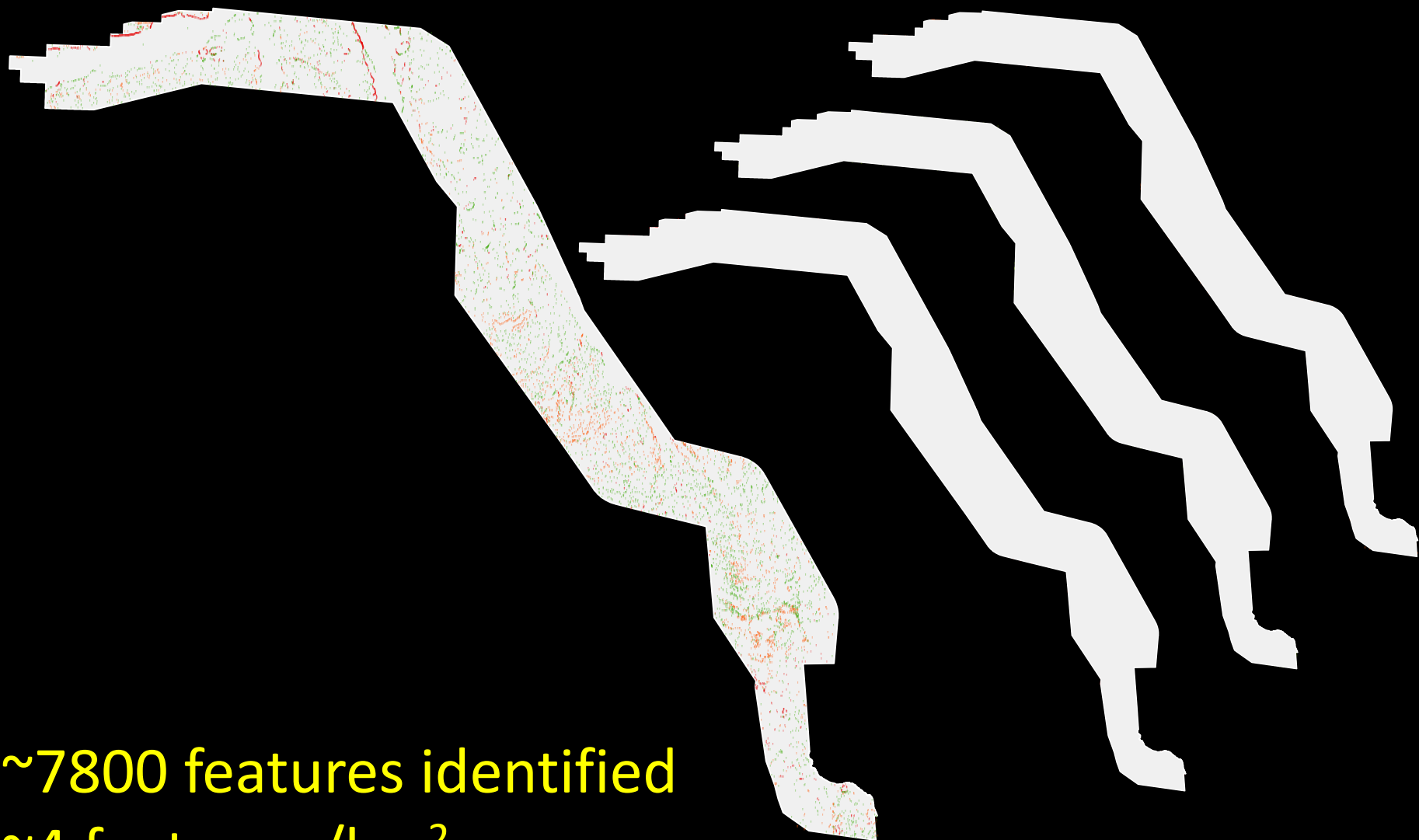


- Narrow
- Change Direction
- Spurs

Retrogressive
Thaw Slump



- Wide
- Arcuate Headwall
- Hummocky Floor



~7800 features identified
~4 features /km²

Krieger & Crosby, ISU

Field work is messy



Field work is messy



Field work is messy

Need 3 types of work spaces:

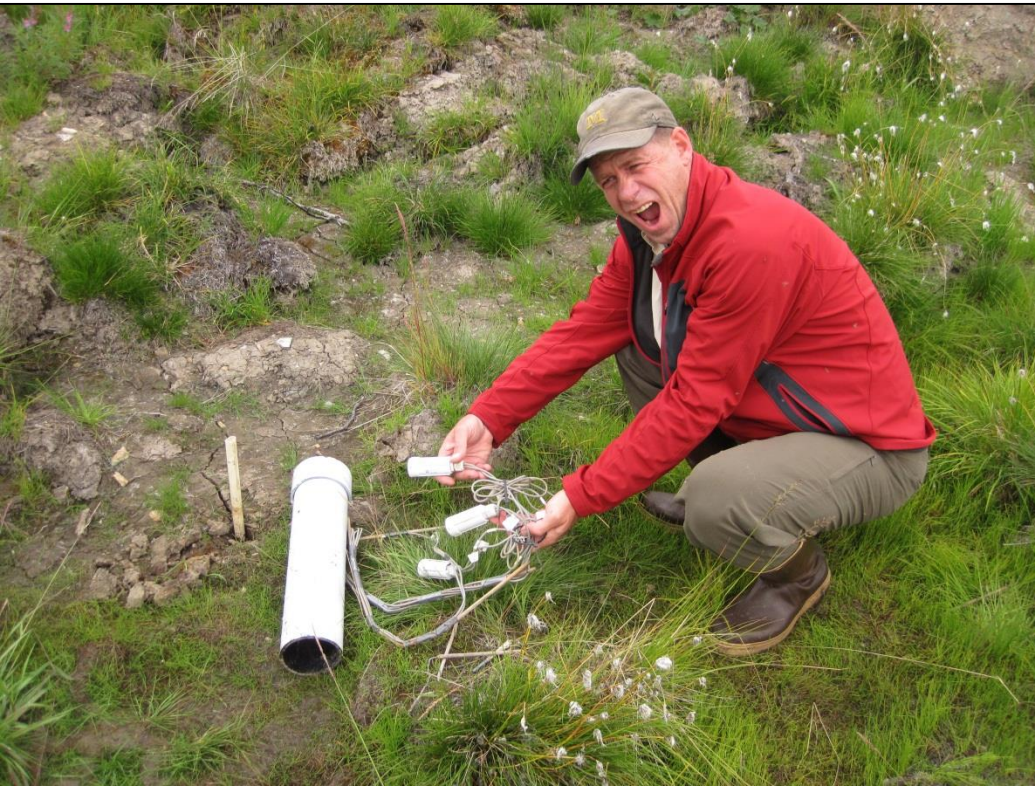
- 1) mud room (dirty)
- 2) 'office space' (semi clean)
- 3) lab space (clean)



Data Telemetry is *Needed* beyond NEON



Data Telemetry is *Needed* beyond NEON



Data Telemetry is *Needed* beyond NEON

- Data integrity
- Logistics efficiency



Science Focus on Shoulder Seasons

Personnel Shifts to Shoulder Seasons

