By Erin Granger
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Alaska lawmakers last month passed a resolution declaring a “language emergency” regarding Alaska Native language loss. Now the Anchorage-based city of Juneau has joined the fight to restore these languages by hosting a four-day conference to help educate speakers of all levels.

The Alaska Native Language Revitalization Institute, based in Juneau, will host 140 by hosting a four-day conference to help educate speakers of all levels.

Fairbanks campus, will host 140

Borough asks for Air Force guarantee

Kassel trying to secure homebuilders for influx at Eielson

By Amanda Bohman
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The U.S. Air Force has no intention of adding to housing at Eielson Air Force Base, the Air Force secretary said Thursday.

The Fairbanks North Star Borough Manager and the head of the Fairbanks Economic Development Corp. said more assurances are needed to attract large-scale housing investors worried about being undercut by government-backed housing.

About 900 new housing units are needed by 2020 for the influx of 3,500 new housing units will be needed to accommodate a building at Eielson Air Force Base, said Jim Dodson, CEO of the Fairbanks Economic Development Corp. No large-scale house building is currently happening in the borough, said Dodson, Borough Mayor Karl Kassel trying to attract large-scale housing investors worried about being undercut by government-backed housing.

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“What was your first job right out of high school?”

By Dan Joling

"Saturday, May 18, 2018 Fairbanks Daily News-Miner

Kassel said housing activity at UC-Fairbanks housing is not a good investment because the current interest rates for mortgages are high, and there is a high degree of confidence that the housing boom will last into the foreseeable future. Without an exception, every time I ask, 'Would you consider going around and building houses?' the answer is no," he said. "There is no market for that." However, Kassel said the demand for housing is growing in the area, and the city will need to develop a plan for doing privatized housing. The plan will include a combination of new construction and the purchase of existing homes.

The Alaska Native Language Center is a state agency established in 1969 to preserve, develop, and promote Alaska Native languages. It is located in Anchorage and serves Native communities statewide. The center provides education, training, and resources to support the revitalization of Alaska Native languages. One of its main goals is to increase the number of people who speak Alaska Native languages. The center offers services such as language immersion programs, language classes, and linguistic research.

The center is part of the University of Alaska Fairbanks. It was established by the Alaska Native Language Act of 1968, which was signed into law by President Lyndon B. Johnson. The Act was passed by the U.S. Congress and signed into law by President Lyndon B. Johnson.

The center is led by a director and a board of directors. The board includes representatives from the Alaska Native Language Commission, the Alaska Native Language Association, and the University of Alaska Fairbanks.

The center is funded by the Alaska Native Language Act and other sources of government funding. It also receives funding from private foundations and other sources.

The center has received numerous awards and recognition for its work. It has been named a "Best Place to Work" by the Alaska Native Language Commission and the Alaska Native Language Association. It has also received the "Outstanding Service Award" from the Alaska Native Language Commission.

The center is located in Anchorage, Alaska. It is accessible by car or public transportation. It is open to the public and welcomes visitors.

The center's website is located at: http://www.anlc.org

Alabama fishermen say other states eating profits

A new law aimed at preventing Alabama fishermen from losing money due to other states catching and selling shellfish has been signed into law. The law, which was signed by Governor Kay Ivey, prohibits other states from catching shellfish with a value of more than $25,000 in a single day. The law also prohibits other states from selling shellfish with a value of more than $50,000 in a single day.

The law is designed to help Alabama fishermen by preventing other states from catching and selling shellfish that could compete with Alabama's own catch. The law will also provide a revenue stream for Alabama fishermen, helping to offset the costs of maintaining their boats and equipment.

The law is expected to take effect on January 1, 2019. It is intended to protect Alabama fishermen from losing money due to other states catching and selling shellfish.

The law was signed into law by Governor Kay Ivey on May 17, 2018. It was proposed by Representative Jay E. Gallion, R-Cullman, and was sponsored by Senator John Cooper, R-Tuscaloosa. The bill was approved by the House and Senate and signed into law by Governor Kay Ivey.

The law is intended to protect Alabama fishermen from losing money due to other states catching and selling shellfish. The law is expected to take effect on January 1, 2019. It is intended to protect Alabama fishermen from losing money due to other states catching and selling shellfish. The law is intended to protect Alabama fishermen from losing money due to other states catching and selling shellfish.