# **Summary of Significant Changes:**

The items listed below are shaded in yellow throughout pages that follow.

### **NEW ITEMS**

AOA: Request for feedback about problematic items.

### **CHANGED ITEMS**

- C8: The "Entrance Exams" section has been changed to reflect the changes in the SAT and ACT that will affect students applying in **Fall 2006**.
- I-1 The "Instructional Faculty" section's definitions have been improved and a table now indicates who should be included in or excluded from full- and part-time counts.
- J The instructions for the "Degrees Conferred" section now instruct respondents to base percentages on majors, not headcount.

### PERMANENTLY DELETED OR TEMPORARILY DISCONTINUED ITEMS

E4-E8: The "Library Collections" section has been removed until a new Academic Libraries Survey is in the field.

# **DEFINITIONS**

H. Financial Aid Glossary: The definition of financial aid awarded has been clarified to mean "aid offered."

# A. GENERAL INFORMATION

<b>A0.</b>	<b>Respondent Information (Not for Publication)</b>	
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	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference	
	If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding <a href="http://www.alaska.edu/swoir/uas/factbook/2005/cds">http://www.alaska.edu/swoir/uas/factbook/2005/cds</a> .	
		the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic
		ested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you
	have questions or comments in general. This inform refine CDS items.	ation will not be published but will help the publishers further
<b>A1.</b>	Address Information	
	Name of College or University	University of Alaska Southeast
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country	11120 Glacier Highway
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country	Juneau, AK 99801
	Main Phone Number	(907) 465-6457
	WWW Home Page Address	www.uas.alaska.edu
	Admissions Phone Number	(907) 465-6350
	Admissions Toll-free Number	(877) 465-4827
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/	
	Admissions Fax Number	(907) 465-6365
	Admissions E-mail Address	admissions@uas.alaska.edu
	Is there a separate URL application site on the Intern	et? If so, please specify: <a href="https://www.uas.alaska.edu/admissions/">www.uas.alaska.edu/admissions/</a>
A2.	$\textbf{Source of institutional control} \ (\textit{check one only})$	
	□ Public	
	Private (nonprofit)	
	Proprietary	
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:	
	☐ Coeducational college	
	Men's college	
	☐ Women's college	
A4.	Academic year calendar	
	Semester 4-1-4	
	Quarter Continuous	
	☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describ	20):
	Other (describe):	).

A5. Degrees offered by your institution				
	Postbachelor's certificate			
☐ Diploma	Master's			
	Post-master's certificate			
Transfer	□ Doctoral			
Terminal	First professional			
□ Bachelor's	First professional certificate			

# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2004.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	44	95	11	29
Other first-year, degree- seeking	87	114	36	108
All other degree-seeking	145	222	74	243
Total degree-seeking	276	431	121	380
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	107	80	635	1,123
Total undergraduates	383	511	756	1,503
First-professional				
First-time, first-professional students	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
All other first-professionals	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total first-professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	0	4	7	17
All other degree-seeking	15	34	20	70
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	6	12	41
Total graduate	15	44	39	128

Total all undergraduates: 3,153

Total all graduate and professional students: 226

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 3,379

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2004. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	0	13	23
Black, non-Hispanic	1	11	28
American Indian or Alaska Native	41	220	512
Asian or Pacific Islander	13	58	117
Hispanic	3	28	67
White, non-Hispanic	105	789	2082
Race/ethnicity unknown	16	89	324
Total	179	1,208	3,153

### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2004.

Certificate/diploma	16
Associate degrees	84
Bachelor's degrees	92
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	77
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	
First professional degrees	
First professional certificates	

### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2004 Web-based survey.

### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1998 cohort if available. If fall 1998 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1997 cohort.

### Fall 1997 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall **1997**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall **1997**.

B4.	Initial <b>1997</b> cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's
(or e	quivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students;
total	all students:

### Fall 1998 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall **1998**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall **1998**.

**B4.** Initial **1998** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 67

and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: N/A
<b>B6.</b> Final <b>1997</b> cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	<b>B6.</b> Final <b>1998</b> cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 67 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
<b>B7.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2001):	<b>B7.</b> Of the initial <b>1998</b> cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2002): 4
<b>B8</b> . Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):	<b>B8</b> . Of the initial <b>1998</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003): 1
<b>B9.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003):	<b>B9.</b> Of the initial <b>1998</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004): 3
<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 8
<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for <b>1997</b> cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): %	<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for <b>1998</b> cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 11.9 %
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2001 cohort if available. If 2001	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2000 cohort.
<u>2000 Cohort</u>	<u>2001 Cohort</u>
<b>B12</b> . Initial <b>2000</b> cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	B12. Initial 2001 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
<b>B13.</b> Of the initial <b>2000</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	<b>B13.</b> Of the initial <b>2001</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
<b>B16.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years	<b>B16.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years

within 150 percent of normal time:	within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:	<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:
<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:	<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:

### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2003 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

**B22.** For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2003 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2004? \_\_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_%

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

# Applications

applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2004. Ind who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed action of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement or applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed admission.	clude early decision, early action, and students lude only those students who fulfilled the nable applications) and who have been notified a waiting list, or application withdrawn (by
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	85
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	163
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	158
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	238
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	44
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	11
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	95
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	29
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission require contingent on space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2004 admissions:  Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list	ements but whose final admission was
Number accepting a place on the waiting list  Number of wait-listed students admitted	
Admission Requirements  C3. High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion req  High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  High school diploma or equivalent is not required	uirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparation	aratory program for degree-seeking students?
<ul> <li>☐ Require</li> <li>☐ Recommend</li> <li>☐ Neither required nor recommend</li> </ul>	

one year of study or its equivalent)				
	Units Required	Units Recommended		
Total academic units				
English			7	
Mathematics				
Science				
Of these, units that must be lab	)			
Foreign language				
Social studies				
History				
Academic electives				
Other (specify)				
Open admission policy as describe  Open admission policy as describe selective admission for out-o	d above for most students,			
selective admission for out-to- selective admission to some other (explain)  C7. Relative importance of each of th degree-seeking (freshman) admis	programsX_ ne following academic and	nonacademic factors i	n your first-tim	ne, first-year,
selective admission to some other (explain)  C7. Relative importance of each of the content of the conte	programsX_ ne following academic and	nonacademic factors i	n your first-tim Considered	ne, first-year,  Not Considered
selective admission to some other (explain)  C7. Relative importance of each of the degree-seeking (freshman) admission to some other (explain)  Academic	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)  C7. Relative importance of each of the degree-seeking (freshman) admission to some other (explain)  Academic Secondary school record	programsX_ ne following academic and ssion decisions.		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		Considered	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		Considered	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		Considered	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		Considered	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		•	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		Considered	•
selective admission to some other (explain)	programsX_  ne following academic and ssion decisions.  Very Important		Considered	•

Work experience

# **SAT and ACT Policies**

Note: The SAT I is now called SAT Reasoning or the SAT; SAT II Tests are now called SAT Subject Tests. As of March 2005 the SAT Reasoning Test will include a mandatory writing component; the SAT Subject Test in Writing will not be administered after January 2005. The ACT will have an optional writing component as of February 2005.

C8. Entrance exams						
A. Does your institution make use of SAT Reasoning Test, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in <b>admission</b> decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?  Yes  No						
If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for <b>Fall 2006.</b>						
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used	
SAT Reasoning Test only ACT only SAT Reasoning or ACT SAT Reasoning and SAT Subject Tests						
SAT Reasoning and SAT Subject						
Tests or ACT SAT Subject Tests only						
B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in <b>admission</b> decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for <b>Fall 2006</b> , please indicate which ONE of the following applies:						
D. <b>In addition</b> , does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling? [formerly part of C8A]						
Placement Yes No Counseling Yes No						
E. Does your institution use the SAT Reasoning or SAT Subject Tests or the ACT for <b>placement only</b> ? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below: [formerly part of C8B]  PLACEMENT  Require Recommend Require for					ark	
SAT Reasoning SAT Subject Tests ACT SAT Reasoning or ACT			some			

F.	[formerly	C8C1
	I CITILCITY	$\sim$

Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admissionAug	1
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	N/A

### G. [formerly C8D]

If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in fall 2004, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

**C9.** Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2004 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	49.2 %	Number submitting SAT scores	88
Percent submitting ACT scores	16.2 %	Number submitting ACT scores	29

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Verbal	435	595
SAT Math	430	550
ACT Composite	17	24
ACT English	15	23
ACT Math	15	21

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Verbal	SAT Math
700-800	6.8 %	1.1 %
600-699	18.2 %	12.5 %
500-599	27.3 %	36.4 %
400-499	29.5 %	35.2 %
300-399	12.5 %	13.6 %
200-299	5.7 %	1.1 %
	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36			
24-29	24.1 %	25.0 %	17.9 %
18-23	41.4 %	32.1 %	39.3 %
12-17	34.5 %	35.7. %	42.9 %
6-11		7.1 %	
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshmeach of the following ranges (report information for those sinformation).	
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class Percent in top half of high school graduating class Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class 18 Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who seems to the property of the	
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4 from whom you collected high school GPA.	
Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher 50.8  Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99 43.2  Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 6.1  Percent who had GPA below 1.0 0  100%	
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time 2.93	, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who s	ubmitted high school GPA: 73.7 %
Admission Policies	
C13. Application fee	
Does your institution have an application fee?  Amount of application fee:\$ 40  Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	<ul><li>Yes □ No</li><li>Yes □ No</li></ul>
C14. Application closing date	
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall): Priority date:Aug 1	☐ Yes         No
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other	r than the fall? ⊠ Yes □ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in	one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date):X By (date): Other:	
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)	
Must reply by (date):  No set date:X  Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereaf  Other:	iter
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to   ☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes, maximum period of postponement:	postpone enrollment after admission?

·	of students: Does your institution all ents one year or more before high sch	nool graduation? X Yes No
<b>C20. Common Application:</b> Will y Secondary School Principals if If "yes," are supplemental form Is your college a member of the	submitted? s required?	distributed by the National Association of  Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No
Early Decision and Early Action F	Plans	
be notified of an admission deci		an admission plan that permits students to apply and otification date and that asks students to commit to for fall enrollment?
If "yes," please complete the fol	llowing:	
First or only early decision plan First or only early decision plan		
Other early decision plan closin Other early decision plan notific		
For the Fall 2004 entering class	SS:	
Number of early decision applic Number of applicants admitted	cations received by your institution under early decision plan	
Please provide significant detail	s about your early decision plan:	
in advance of the regular notific  Yes No  If "yes," please complete the following date	eation date but do not have to commit llowing: Rolling.	
Early action notification date	Within two weeks of receipt of com	npleted application.

# D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

ы.	(If no, please If yes, may t	e skip to Section ransfer students	transfer students? X Y E) earn advanced standing ? X Yes No		erring credits earned	I from course work	completed
D2.			nts who applied, were a	dmitted, and enro	olled as degree-seek	ing transfer student	s in fall
		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Ap	onlicants		
	Men	88	130	53	рисинс		
	Women	149	212	106	j		
	Total	237	342	159	1		
	TC 1	No		<u>:</u>	0		eshman?
D5.	-	is the minimum	•	oly for admission	Recommended	Required of	Not required
D5.	Indicate all i	is the minimum tems required of	Required of All	oly for admission	:		
D5.	Indicate all i	is the minimum tems required of	Required of All	oly for admission	Recommended	Required of	
D5.	High school	tems required of transcript nscript(s)	Required of All X	oly for admission	Recommended	Required of	
D5.	High school	is the minimum tems required of	Required of All X	oly for admission	Recommended of Some	Required of	
D5.	High school College trates	tems required of transcript nscript(s)	Required of All X	oly for admission	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	
D5.	High school College trates Essay or per Interview Standardiz Statement of	tems required of transcript ersonal statemen	Required of All  X  X  t	oly for admission	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	

**D8**. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: Financial statement, TOEFL, official transcript evaluation written in English, and immunization records required for international students

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					X
Winter					
Spring					X
Summer					X

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? X Yes No	
<b>D11</b> . Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:	
Transfer Credit Policies	
<b>D12.</b> Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:C	
<b>D13.</b> Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:  Number _N/A_ Unit type	
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:  Number _N/A_ Unit type	
<b>D15.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:15	
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:30	
<b>D17.</b> Describe other transfer credit policies:  Regionally accredited school, college level (100 or above), grades of 'C' or better.	

# E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution	n. Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
☐ Accelerated program ☐ Honors program		
Cooperative (work-study) program Independent study		
☐ Cross-registration ☐ Internships		
☐ Liberal arts/career c☐ Distance learning		
Double major Student-designed m	ajor	
□ Dual enrollment		
English as a Second Language (ESL)  Teacher certification	n program	
Exchange student program (domestic)  Weekend college		
External degree program		
Other (specify):		
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some coun	rse work prior to gradu	uation:
☐ Arts/fine arts ☐ Humanities		
Computer literacy Mathematics		
English (including composition) Philosophy		
☐ Foreign languages ☐ Sciences (biological or p	hysical)	
☐ History ☐ Social science		
Other (describe):		
E4-E8 Library Collections: The CDS publishers will collect library data ag Survey is fielded.	ain when a new Acader	nic Libraries
F. STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree 2004 who fit the following categories:	-seeking undergraduate	es enrolled in fall
	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
	(freshman) students	
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens)	19.0 %	15.1 %
Percent of men who join fraternities		
Percent of women who join sororities		
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing		
Percent who live off campus or commute		450
Percent of students age 25 and older	14.5	46.9
Average age of full-time students	20.9	25.0
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	21.7	28.2

F2.	Activities offered Identify those program	s available at yo	our institution.	
	☐ Concert band       ☐ Music         ☐ Dance       ☐ Music         ☐ Drama/theater       ☐ Opera         ☐ Jazz band       ☐ Pep b		<ul> <li>Student government</li> <li>Student newspaper</li> <li>Student-run film society</li> <li>Symphony orchestra</li> <li>Television station</li> <li>Yearbook</li> </ul>	
F3.	ROTC (program offered in cooperation w	vith Reserve Of	ficers' Training Corps)	
	Army ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name	):		
	Naval ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name	):		
	Air Force ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name	):		
F4.	<b>Housing:</b> Check all types of college-own institution.	ed, -operated, o	r -affiliated housing available for undergradu	ates at your
	<ul> <li>☐ Coed dorms</li> <li>☐ Men's dorms</li> <li>☐ Women's dorms</li> <li>☐ Apartments for married students</li> <li>☐ Apartments for single students</li> <li>☐ Other housing options (specify):</li> </ul>	Specia Frater Coope	al housing for disabled students al housing for international students mity/sorority housing erative housing	

# G. ANNIIAL EXPENSES

		G. ANNUAL EXPE	NSES					
	de 2005-2006 academic year costs oution.	of attendance for the follow	ing categories that are applicable	to your				
a	Check here if your institution's 2005-2006 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2005-2006 academic year costs of attendance will be available:							
L a h Jı R ir	Indergraduate full-time tuition, requise the typical tuition, required fees, a cademic year (30 semester hours or 4 our cost by number of credits). A full tune; usually equated to two semesters coom and board is defined as double onclude only charges that all full-time ectivity fees.) Do <i>not</i> include optional	and room and board for a full 5 quarter hours for institution academic year refers to the part to the	-time undergraduate student for the ns that derive annual tuition by mult period of time generally extending fors, or the period covered by a four-tweek or the maximum meal plan. Ref included in tuition (e.g., registration)	iplying credit from September to one-four plan. <b>equired fees</b>				
		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES					
	PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:		CAN DESCRIBE					
	PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:	\$ 2,970	\$ 3,360					
	In-state (out-of-district):	2,970	3,360					
	Out-of-state:	9,900	10,290					
	NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:	9,900	10,290					
	REQUIRED FEES:	423	423					
	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	5,320	5,320					
	ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	3,350	3,350					
	BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	1,970	1,970					
	Comprehensive tuition and room an fees):	d board fee (if your college c	cannot provide separate tuition and r	room and board				
	Other:							
	Number of credits per term a studer							

**G4.** If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: Lower division courses (numbered 001 through 299) are less expensive than upper division courses (numbered 300 through 499).

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$500	\$500	\$500
Room only:			5,940
Board only:		2,430	2,430
Transportation:	170	749	749
Other expenses:	1,643	1,643	1,643

# **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	Lower Division: 99
In-district:	Upper Division: 112
	Lower Division: 99
In-state (out-of-district):	Upper Division: 112
	Lower Division: 330
Out-of-state:	Upper Division: 343
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	Lower Division: 330
	Upper Division: 343

### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

# I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2004. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

*Terminal master's degree*: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

		Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.)	Total number of instructional faculty	96	132	228
b.)	Total number who are members of	7	15	22
	minority groups			
c.)	Total number who are women	40	80	120
d.)	Total number who are men	56	52	108
e.)	Total number who are nonresident aliens	1	0	1
	(international)			
f.)	Total number with doctorate, first	47	1	48
	professional, or other terminal degree			
g.)	Total number whose highest degree is a	32	7	39
	master's but not a terminal master's			
h.)	Total number whose highest degree is a	6	9	15
	bachelor's			
i.)	Total number whose highest degree is	11	115	126
	unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h,			
	and i must sum up to item a.)			
j.)	Total number in stand-alone graduate/			
	professional programs in which faculty			
	teach virtually only graduate-level students			

### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2004 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2004 Student to Faculty ratio: 12.6 to 1 (based on 3379 students and 228 faculty).

### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2004 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2004. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

Under graduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	158	185	79	22	3	4	0	451
_			1	<u> </u>				,

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	101	62	7	1	0	0	0	171
SECTIONS								

# J. DEGREES CONFERRED

# Degrees conferred between July 1, 2003 and June 30, 2004

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by  $2^{nd}$  major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using  $1^{st}$  majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Associate		Bachelor's	CIP 1990	CIP 2000	
	Certificates			Categories to Include	Categories to Include	
Agriculture				1 and 2	1	
Architecture				4	4	
Area and ethnic studies				5	5	
Biological/life sciences			14.1	26	26	
Business/marketing	56.3	19.0	34.8	8 and 52	52	
Communications/communication technologies				9 and 10	9 and 10	
Computer and information sciences				11	11	
Education			1.1	13	13	
Engineering/engineering technologies		3.6		14 and 15	14 and 15	
English			2.2	23	23	
Foreign languages and literature				16	16	
Health professions and related sciences	18.8	7.1		51	51	
Home economics and vocational		10.7		19 and 20	19	
home economics				20	30	
Interdisciplinary studies		2.6		30	22	
Law/legal studies Liberal arts/general studies		3.6 53.6	45.2	22 24	24	
Library science		33.0	43.2	25	25	
Mathematics				27	27	
Military science and technologies				28 and 29	29	
Natural resources/environmental science			2.2	3	3	
Parks and recreation	12.5			31	31	
Personal and miscellaneous services	12.3			12	12	
Philosophy, religion, theology				38 and 39	38 and 39	
Physical sciences				40 and 41	40 and 41	
Protective services/public	6.3			43 and 44	43 and 44	
administration Payabalaary				42	42	
Psychology Social sciences and history				42	42	
Social sciences and history	6.2	2.4		45	45 and 54	
Trade and industry	6.3	2.4		46, 47, 48, and 49	46, 47, 48, and 49	
Visual and performing arts				50	50	
Other						
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%			

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- \*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the

program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

**English as a Second Language (ESL):** A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

**Freshman:** A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work** (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

### **Financial Aid Definitions**

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Work study and employment**: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.