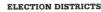
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## Redistricting board moves toward deadline

Development of guidelines questioned in hearings

MARGARET BAUMAN bauman@alaskanewspapers.co

Alaska's redistricting board scheduled seven straight days of meetings in Anchorage through April 10, with work sessions open to the public, in preparation for meeting an April 14 deadline for draft election district plans to be adopted.

The redistricting board is responsible for redraw-ing Alaska's legislative election districts every 10 years after the federal census, to allow for fair representation of the voting public through legislative representation.
The meetings come on the heels of extensive tes-

timony given during redistricting board meetings in Anchorage, Wasilla, Juneau, Ketchikan, Fairbanks, Kotzebue and Bethel by groups seeking

to offer advice and guide the redistricting process, which stands to affect the muscles of various polit-

The five-member redistricting board is mandated by the Alaska Constitution to include members appointed without regard to political affiliation, yet the governor, Senate president and House speaker, all Republicans, appointed only Republicans to the

■ See Page 7, REDISTRICTING

### make book PAGE 2



Dancing

together

Longtime Y-K

anthropologist,

photographer

Making caskets

Let's keep our Y-K craftsmen working, writer says

PAGES 4



Wheels to heal

Native hospital in Anchorage starts airport shuttle service

PAGE 15

### REVIVING A GIVING TRADITION



First-grade students Atsaq Tom, Nanugaq Leinberger, Taryuralria Angaiak, Ciquyaq Buster, Alqaq Small, Alaqaq Chase and Cingarkaq Thompson display their group work as part of Petugtaryaraq, a gifting ritual. Read more about the gifting festival on pages 8 and 9.

ENVIRONMENTAL KNOWLEDGE PROJECT

## Putting Yup'ik places on the map

Grant helps fund work to name coastal sites

ANN FIENUP-RIORDAN

The Calista Elders Council announced a recent grant from the National Science Foundation to work with elders and community members in coastal communities from the mouth of the Yukon Delta south to the mouth of the Kuskokwim.

This four-year project builds on CEC's partnership with Nelson Island villages between 2006 and 2010, during which elders shared close to 1,000 place names and their stories, including historic sites, hills, rivers, lakes, even

■ See Page 10, MAPPING



Eugene Pete and George Strongheart talk to Dennis Sheldon about place names in the area south of Nunam Iqua. Their work is part of the Calista Elders Council's Nunamta Ellamta-llu Ayuqucia /Yup'ik Environmental Knowledge Project.

STATE MEDIA IN REVIEW

## Top weekly, magazine awards go to Alaska Newspapers Inc.

Alaska Press Club gives 12 honors to ANI publications

ALASKA NEWSPAPERS STAFF

A total of 12 awards were given to Alaska Newspapers Inc. at the Alaska Press Club's annual ceremony earlier this month. These honors were split evenly between the weekly newspapers published by ANI and the bimonthly First Alaskans magazine. Highlights included first-place awards for the

Tundra Drums as the state's top weekly newspa-per and for First Alaskans with the top two

■ See Page 15, PRESS AWARDS



April 11, 2011

### Uliggaq Ayagalria, Caulaaq Mute Tep'ag Nick. Ayaprun Sundo Akiralria Berlin

(kneeling).

COURTESY PHOTO



EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY

## Building bilingual skills helps all academic areas

The goal of the Piciryaramta Elicungcallra grant is to develop Yugtun language materials that are based in Yuuyaraq and address state standards in reading, writing, social studies and sci-

The story written by Rosalie Lincoln and the lesson plan developed by Carol Oulton and Janet Westlake are a wonderful example of how this can be accom-plished. Taking the practice of the tradi-tional gift exchange, students learn about important Yup'ik values. The story engages students in reading, listening and speaking the language, which naturally leads to writing. The literacy activities associated with this lesson plan target grade level specific reading and writing standards, which will support bi-literacy in addition to bilingualism. The pictures

accompanying this article show the pride students take in their own compositions. When learners are interested in the stories they read and talk about, they will also be motivated to write about it. Engaging in these language events is the foundation for language development.

Inanguage development.
This work has been supported by the Piciryaramta Elicungcallra (Teaching our Way of Life through our Language) grant held by the University of Alaska Fairbanks in partnership with the Lower Kuskokwim and Lower Yukon school districts. This grant is funded through the U.S. Department of Education's Alaska Native Education program For general information about the grant you can contact: Sabine Siekmann, principal investigator with the University of Alaska Fairbanks, 907-474-6580 ssiekmann@alaska.edu or Theresa Arevgaq John, evaluator with the University of Alaska Fairbanks, tjohn@

## Kuskokwim Ice Classic tickets are now on sale! • 1 for \$5, Or 5 for \$20 Tickets on sale by and all proceeds go to BRHS Student Activities You have until midnight on April 18th to purchase your tickets. The winner is the closest without going over. Drop boxes are available at: AC, Swanson's, BRHS, Wells Fargo, **Grant Aviation, Hageland Aviation,** and QFC 2. Call Leah Reuter at 543-1812 if you have any questions! Ice Classic run by **Bethel Community Services Foundation** Permit #1948

# Yup'ik giftii

Editor's note: In February first-grade students at Ayaprun Elitnaurvik, Bethel's Yup'ik immersion school, learned about Petugtaryaraq, a gifting ritual, as part of Lower Kuskokwim School District's Yugtun Upingaurlula curriculum.

The class focused on Petugtaryaraq because it is something that is no longer practiced in Yupik culture. Now that it has been introduced in the Ayaprun Elitnauroik, teacher Rosalie Lincoln has written about the festival in a children's story, and program organizers reflect on why learning about the tradition is important.

MAINTAINING TRADITION

# Petugtaryaraq, a gift to the young

THERESA AREVGAQ JOHN
For The Tundra Drums

Since time immemorial, our ancestors practiced critical community-based cultural rituals that were commonly held in villages These social events were highly regarded and organized by the local leadership. These annual village activities highlight the important functions that are self-sustained, self-governed and provide a social welfare system. Petugtaryaraq is an essential par-ticipatory ritual with a functional purpose to provide specified items that are needed within the community.

Petugtaryaraq is no longer practiced, but

I remember observing it when I was very young. Rituals differ to some degree in dif-ferent villages, so this description should not be seen as the only way in which Petugtaryaraq was carried out. The process was begun by a person (male or female) realizing that they had a need in life. For example, an elderly person's mukluks may have had a hole and that person needed to ask for a new pair from someone else. This was the start of the petugtaryaraq process the elder person made an item to hang on a long wooden stick. The number of miniature items on the wooden stick grew each time another community member identified and requested something they needed. Some of the items commonly asked for included clothing (Alimatnguarnek, piineruarnek, atkuguanek, piluguguanek, cukinguanek) and survival tools.

Other community members then secretly handcrafted the items that were to be pre-sented to the opposing gender group. The person who was selected to gather and present these gifts was called Aulukista. This person had to be disciplined and organized. This person was the only person who knew the original maker of the miniature gift replicas. This person could not reveal the artist's name or reveal their identity to the opposing gender.

Young unmarried women and men could also participate in this gift exchange. They were eligible when they reached adolescence, when they had reached the maturity.

Also, grandparents may have encouraged them to participate when they were ready.

Memories of a young girl
As a young girl, I remember witnessing such an event in our village of Nightmute where a man entered our home with a stick of requested handmade items. My grandmother and mother carefully selected gifts without knowledge of who had requested them. Their role was to make the items and then present them to the unknown men when they were done.

The social and kinship system played a major role in the gift exchange process, as women artists tried to avoid picking their spouse's, in-laws' and uncles' requests. The same rule applied to the men. There was no way to find out in advance who had made the miniature gifts. The participants were happy when they picked the right gift, especially those items requested by their grandparents or cross-cousins. The artists were terribly embarrassed when they had picked items requested by the wrong community members whom they wished not to have picked.

I was really glad to read that our local teachers are integrating ceremonies such as Petugtaryaraq into their classrooms. These cultural practices not only provide students with opportunities to use the Yup'ik language, but also to learn about Yup'ik ways of being. The students learned ancient ritual terminologies, nuances of traditional gift exchanges and by demonstration will inter-nalize, conceptualize and the embrace their ancestors' ways of knowing. This effort is further enhanced by the story Rosalie Lincoln has gathered and written down. Taken together these resources allow the students to first understand and subsequently tell stories about the functions and the importance of Petugtaryaraq. Imagine if these students will one day make a plan to revitalize this ancient ritual.

These materials are wonderful examples of how the collaboration between teachers, elders, school districts, community members and university faculty can produce meaningful materials that bridge both Yuuyaraq and academic standards.



IRYARAO

# ng festival keeps on giving

LESSON BY LITERATURE

## Petugtaryaraq children's story becomes a book

ROSALIE LINCOLN

This Petugtaryaraq (gift exchange) story is one of the amazing and ancient creations of Yup'ik culture. It is one of the many unique social events that are now extinct. Fortunately some of our living elders have seen it happen and some have participated in the event as young teenagers. Therefore when I went about writing this event into a children's story for the first time it was quite a challenge, as it was to teach it. I thought of how to adapt the story into a book that would reveal its true significance and concept to elementary students. I had to target the story's readability to the appropriate grade level, so that students would be able to understand the vocabulary used. The way I wrote the story it resembles gift exchanges of today yet maintains the original purpose of Petugraryaraq to meet the needs of community members as well as its traditional procedures.

This story was written to introduce, motivate and enrich the teaching of the much needed historical event to children. It can be used as a read-aloud book to the whole class of first-graders and aligned with the Petugtaryaraq lesson plan. Children in third grade should be able to read this story independently. Two elders were explicitly interviewed, Dr. Kangrilnguq Paul John and Allirkar John Alirkar. They are both from the village of Toksook Bay on Nelson Island. There are a few other elders that shared some memories of Petugtaryaraq and those parts are consistent with the two elders. Dr. Arevgaq Theresa John, the daughter of Dr. Kangrilnguq Paul John, was also very helpful to critique the story. Last but not least, Walkie Charles of Kotlik, who works in Yup'ik Language Center at the University of Alaska Fairbanks, proofread the story. The illustrations will be the next job.

### Petugtaryaraq Ak'a Tamaani

### BY QAIVARALRIA ROSALIE LINCOLN

Elder Resources: Kangrilnguq Paul John and Allirkar John Alirkar (Nunakanyarmink-Toksook Bay)

- Ak'a tamaani ciuliaput ayuqenrilngurnek caangssiurautengqetullruut. Una-llu waniwa Petugtaryaraq ilakellruluku. Petugtatullruut-gguq yuut tamaani canek kepqengaqameng, nangulluteng wall'u cautiati ak'allaurtaqata cimiryugyaaqluki-llu nutaranek.
- Petugtatullruut yuut uksuarmek ayagarrluteng wall'u yuranermek taqaqameng.
- Malrurqugnek-gguq petugtatullruut. Ciumek angutet petugtatullruut tua-i-llu arnat kinguatgun petugtarluteng. Taugaam tamarrarmeng nunacuaraat yuit



The first-grade students of Ayaprun Elitnaurvik, Bethel's Yup'ik immersion school.

- ilagaucuunateng. Piyulriit taugaam ilagautaqluteng petugtalrianun. Mikelnguungraata-llu angayuqaita wall' apaita maurluita-llu pivkaraqluki. Imumek anglingluteng taugaam kassuuteksaunateng.
- 4. Ang utet piy uutmeggnek pilinguatullruut wall'u cangualrianek tarenraliaqluteng. Tamakut-llu piyuutait angssaagarpegnateng. Neqkameggnek canek kepqutengqerkuneng nerngualriamek pilinguaryugngaluteng. Akutamek piyukuneng akutatungualriamek piliaqluteng. Maqikameggnek piyukuneng maqingualriamek pilinguarluteng. Aulukista-llu nalluvkarpegnaku qanrutaqluku tamakunek piliameng cauciitnek petutameegnek.
- nek petugtameggnek.

  5. Ilait-llu yurarualrianek tarenrirluteng yurasqumakunegteki yuut.
- Aklunek-llu angenrilngurnek piyukuneng pilinguarluteng wall' tarenraliluteng. Aliumatnguarnek, piineruarnek, allanek-llu aklunek kepqutmeggnek pilinguarluteng taugaam qacignarquralrianek pingnaqu'urluteng.
- Miknateng tamakut pilinguallrit tua-i-wa quyurmeng petuumalaameng muraggarmun. Tauna muraggaq tak'urluni iqkinani-llu tayima pillilria. Yualukakun qillrucimaaqluteng.
- Tamakut-llu pilinguallrit angutet quyurcimarikata taum aulukistem arnanun ceñirtaarulluki qanrutkur-

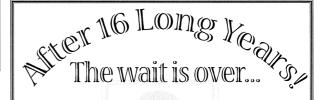
- ciqai cauciit. Arnat-llu tamakut cucuklirluteng piliarkameggnek wall'u cikiutekameggnek, tua-i-gguq agyuquluki. Nalluaqluki-llu pilinguaqestekellrit. Tuai-gguq uicungameng piyuutait nall'arcukackacagaryaaqaqluki.
- Tua-i-llu nutaan tamakut tegustaita pililuki.
  Taqutaqameng payugutkaqluki. Ataucikun-llu
  taqucunateng cali ataucikun payuguciyuunateng.
  Taumek uksuarpak petugtaryaraq piyugngallrulria.
  Ilait-gguq tua-i uiteng wall' takaqekngateng
  nall'arnaurait. Ilurateng uniurqaqluki.
- nalirggul tua-i tuting wan Takadepangteng nall'arnaurait. Ilurateng uniurqaqluki.

  10. Tua-i-llu arnat petugtaqata qasgimi angutet iliita aulukistem kangaulluku muraggaq. Tua-i-am cali nuliacungarteng nall'artengnaqluki. Nuliateng uniurtengnaqluki. Nallunarqaqluteng kitumun pikestait. Aulukistem taugaam kiimi nalluvkenaki.
  Tegustaitnun qanrutaqluki camun tarenraqellratnun.
- 11. Tua-i-am cali angutet agyuquluki arnat cayuumiqngait. Taqkunegteki-llu nutaan nallunairraarluki kitumun pikuciit tunyarturluki tungaunateng ellmeggnek. Tayima nuliacungateng pilliniaqamegteki quyakacagatullurliliriit. Takaqekngateng-llu pillrukunegteki tunrikacagatullruliliriit.
- 12. Waten tua-i petugtatullruut nunacuaraat. Petugtaryarakun yuut piyuutmeggnek unangaqluteng. Cakneq-lli ak'a tamaani yup'igni umyuartullrullinivaa!

YOU ARE NEVER ALONE, WE'RE ALWAYS HERE TO LISTEN.

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Alaska's Suicide Prevention Careline





## LKSD's Proposed K-12 Health Materials Are now available for Public Comment

See the display upstairs in the LKSD District office 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. weekdays Materials available until April 29, 2011



For more information contact: Tad Lindley @543-4963