

Location

daateg	between
ts'í	toward
aaxá'	nearby
k'eddh	beside
naandîidz	behind
naandeddh	in front
t'aagh	under

These words must be used with an OBJECT in front, specifying where. This may be an entire word, such as

k'etl'adíidaay t'aagh	under the chair
Deana k'eddh	next to Deana

or it may one of the prefixes referring to people

sh-	me
n-	you
wu-	him, her, it
nee-	us
nuh-	you all
xuu-	them

For example,

shk'eddh	next to me
naaxá'	near you
sts'í	toward me

Note that **sh** is pronounced **s** when it is before a **ts** sound.

Phrases

Shaaxá' lo'aahaal.

He's walking around near me.

Naaxá' díi éedlah?

What all is laying around near you?

Ch'êl nts'é éłtsii éł ét-tl'uu?

What color clothes is he dressed with?

K'ahdáadé' dáatihłeeyh.

I'll bring them tomorrow.

Questions about plural objects

The word *iin* can be used with question words to ask about more than one.

Dóo naaxá' di'eedah?

Who is sitting near you?

Dóo iin naaxá' didéłtth'ih?

Who all is sitting near you?

The emphatic particle *du'*

The particle *du'* is used following a noun to emphasize or highlight a noun. It has a meaning something like *as for* _____.

Nen dú' nts'é t'ínt'eh?

As for you, how are you?

Used alone with a pronoun, this particle has the meaning *how about* _____.

Nen dú'?

How about you?

Naan dú'?

How about that one?

More customary verbs

Tthiishuus nts'é' wu'él ts'et-tl'úux?

How do we usually wear hats?

Tthiishuus nadzel'áax.

Jeyh nts'é' wu'él ts'et-tl'úux?

How do we usually wear mittens?

Jeyh shíi dzeldiix.

Kentsiith nts'é' wu'él ts'et-tl'úux?

How do we usually wear mocassins?

Kentsiith shíi dzel'íith.

Eek nts'é' wu'él ts'et-tl'úux?

How do we usually wear shirts?

Eek nadzelsháax.